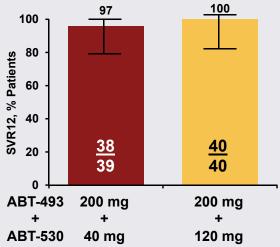


## **SURVEYOR-I Part 1: ITT SVR12 Rates**

- 100% (29/29) treatment-experienced patients achieved SVR12
- 98% (49/50) treatment-naïve patients achieved SVR12



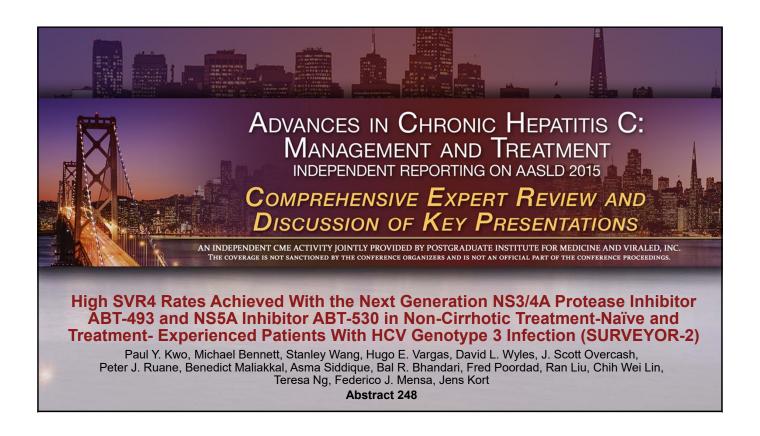
Poordad F, et al. 66th AASLD; San Francisco, CA; November 13-17, 2015; Abst. 41.

# **SURVEYOR-I Part 1: Treatment Failure**

# One Patient in the Low Dose Arm Relapsed at Post-treatment Week 4

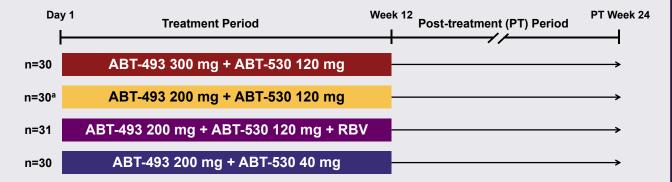
	Patient Characteristics
Treatment arm	ABT-493 200 mg + ABT-530 40 mg
Age, years	55
Gender	Male
Race	White
Baseline fibrosis stage	F0 – F1
HCV subgenotype	1a
IL28B genotype	C/C
Treatment experience	Naïve
Resistant variants at baseline	None
Resistant variants at relapse	NS5A: Q30K + H58D

Poordad F, et al. 66th AASLD; San Francisco, CA; November 13-17, 2015; Abst. 41



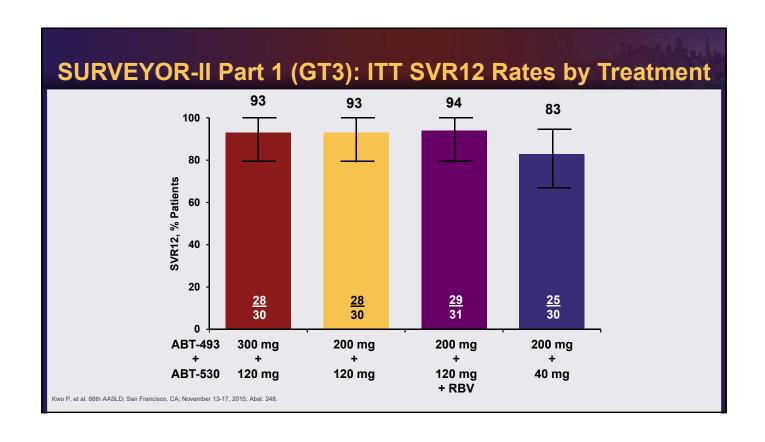


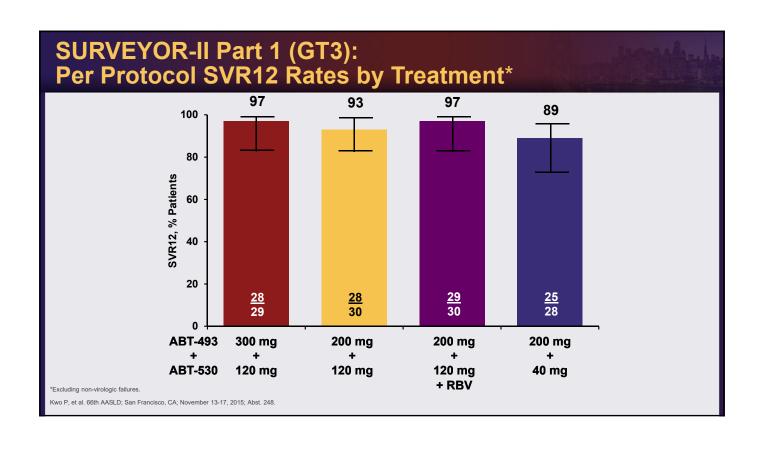
SURVEYOR-II is an open-label, multicenter phase 2 trial evaluating the safety and efficacy of co-administered ABT-493 and ABT-530, at varying doses, ± ribavirin (RBV), in patients with HCV GT2 or GT3 infection



ClinicalTrials.gov: NCT02243293. N=121.

Kwo P, et al. 66th AASLD; San Francisco, CA; November 13-17, 2015; Abst. 248.





## SURVEYOR-II Part 1 (GT3): Amino Acid Variant Analysis by Population Sequencing

Only one virologic failure (relapse) occurred in patients receiving ABT-493 300 mg + ABT-530 120 mg

- At baseline, no NS3 variants and one NS5A (A30K) variant were identified
- At relapse, a double NS3 variant (Y56H + Q168R) and a double NS5A variant (A30K + Y93H) were identified

### Prevalence of Baseline Variants<sup>a</sup> for Each Treatment Arm

	ABT-493 300 mg + ABT-530 120 mg (n = 30)	ABT-493 200 mg + ABT-530 120 mg (n = 30)	ABT-493 200 mg + ABT-530 120 mg + RBV (n = 31)	ABT-493 200 mg + ABT-530 40 mg (n = 30)
NS3 only, n	5	3	6	3
NS5A only, n	5	8	2	3
NS3 & NS5A, n	0	1	3	1
Total, n (%)	10 (33%)	12 (40%)	11 (35%)	7 (23%)

#### **Variant Positions**

- NS3: 56, 80, 155, 156, 166, and 168
- NS5A: 24, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 58, 92, and 93

a. Variants included are based on resistance-associated positions; they may not confer resistance to ABT-493 or ABT-530.

Kwo P, et al. 66th AASLD; San Francisco, CA; November 13-17, 2015; Abst. 248.