

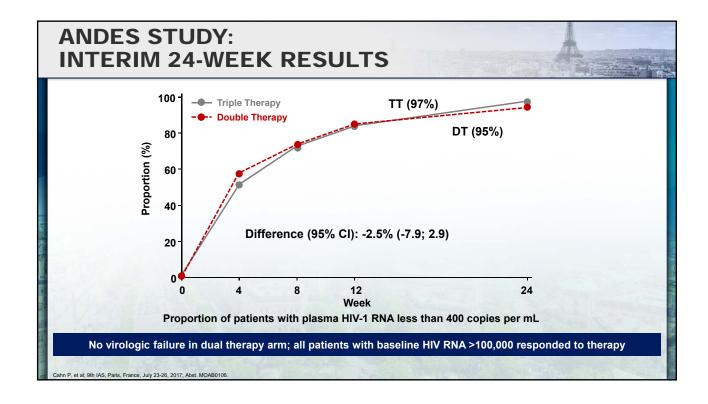
ANDES STUDY:					
BASELINE CHARACTERISTICS	,				

	Global (n=145)	DT (N=75)	TT (N=70)
Age	30 (25-39)	30 (24-42)	30 (26-38)
Males	131 (91%)	70 (93%)	61 (88%)
MSM/Bisexual	101 (73%)	53 (76%)	48 (71%)
CDC Stage B*	11 (8%)	6 (8%)	5 (7%)
Viral Load (log ₁₀)	4.5 (4.0-5.0)	4.6 (4.1-5.1)	4.5 (3.9-5.0)
VL >100,000 c/mL	35 (24%)	20 (27%)	15 (22%)
Median CD4 count (IQR 25-75)	383 (286-562)	419 (290-564)	366.5 (275-544)

Shown are medians (IQR 25-75) for continuous variables or n(%) for categorical variables. Comparisons were performed by chi-sq test or t-tests.

No stage CDC Cycles enrolled

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ANDES STUDY: PATIENTS WITH VL<400 C/ML AT WEEK 24

	DT	тт	Difference (95% CI)
ITT Snapshot (n=145)	71/75 (95%)	68/70 (97%)	-2.5% (-7.9; 2.9)
On Treatment (n=140)	71/71 (100%)	68/69 (99%)	1.4% (-0.9, 3.8)
Discontinuations	4*	1**	
Virological Failure	0	1	

*Withdraw consent $\,$ (1) ,SAE $\,$ (1), LTFU $\,$ (1) , RASH $\,$ (1) ** LTFU

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ARV Therapies and Therapeutic Strategies INDEPENDENT REPORTING ON IAS 2017 COMPREHENSIVE EXPERT REVIEW

AND DISCUSSION OF KEY PRESENTATIONS

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ACTG A5353: A PILOT STUDY OF DOLUTEGRAVIR (DTG) + LAMIVUDINE (3TC) FOR INITIAL TREATMENT OF HIV-1-INFECTED PARTICIPANTS WITH HIV-1 RNA <500,000 COPIES/ML

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Abstract TULBPEB21

ACTG 5353: STUDY DESIGN

Phase II, single-arm, 52-week, study of **DTG 50 mg + 3TC 300 mg** in treatment-naïve participants with **VL ≥1000 and <500,000 cpm**

Primary Objective

■ To estimate the virologic success rate at week 24

Key Secondary Objectives

- Compare efficacy with baseline VL ≤100,000 vs >100,000 cpm
- Describe emergent integrase and RT resistance during virologic failure
- Evaluate safety and tolerability
- Explore impact of minority drug-resistant variants and drug exposure/adherence on observed outcomes

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ACTG 5353: BASELINE CHARACTERISTICS

		Baseline HIV-1 RNA Category	
		>100,000 cpm (N=37)	≤100,000 cpm (N=83)
Age (years)	Median (Q1, Q3)	30 (25, 40)	30 (24, 42)
Sex	Male	89%	86%
Race/Ethnicity	White Non-Hispanic Black Non-Hispanic Hispanic	27% 32% 35%	29% 43% 23%
CD Count (cells/mm³)	Median (Q1, Q3) <200	350 (173, 458) 30%	413 (328, 671) 6%
HIV-1 RNA (log ₁₀ cpm) (cpm)	Median (Q1, Q3) <10,000 10,000 -99,999 100,000 - 200,000 >200,000	5.23 (5.09, 5.46) 62% 38%	4.23 (3.82, 4.65) 42% 58%

ACTG 5353: RESULTS AT 24 WEEKS

	Baseline HIV-1 RNA		
	>100,000 cpm	≤100,000 cpm	Total
	N=37	N=83	N=120
Virologic success	33 (89%)	75 (90%)	108 (90%)
HIV-1 RNA <50 cpm [95% CI]	[75%, 97%]	[82%, 96%]	[83%, 95%]
Virologic non-success HIV-1 RNA ≥50 cpm Discontinued study treatment for other reasons while HIV RNA ≥50	3 (8%)	2 (2%)*	5 (4%)
	3	0	3
	0	2	2
No virologic data in window Discontinued study treatment for other reasons	1 (3%)	6 (7%)	7 (6%)
	1	5	6
On study but missing data in window	0	1	1

*One study subject with poor adherence developed M184V, and R263R/K mixture

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ACTG 5353: CONCLUSIONS

- In this pilot study, DTG+3TC demonstrated potent virologic efficacy with study entry VL up to 500,000 copies/mL
- Virologic failure was uncommon and associated with suboptimal adherence
 - 3 patients met PDVF, one of whom had emergent R263RK mixture and M184V
- Future work in A5353:
 - Investigate baseline and on-treatment RT and INI minority variants in the participants with virologic failure and a matched control group
 - Perform phenotyping on the participant with emergent R263K/R mixture
 - Analysis of pharmacogenetics associations
- Two large randomized studies (GEMINI-1 and GEMINI-2) are underway and will provide more data on the resistance barrier of DTG+3TC

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