

ONLINE EXPERT POSTER REVIEW AND DISCUSSION
Advances in Chronic Hepatitis C Management and Treatment

REPORTING FROM
THE 62ND AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR
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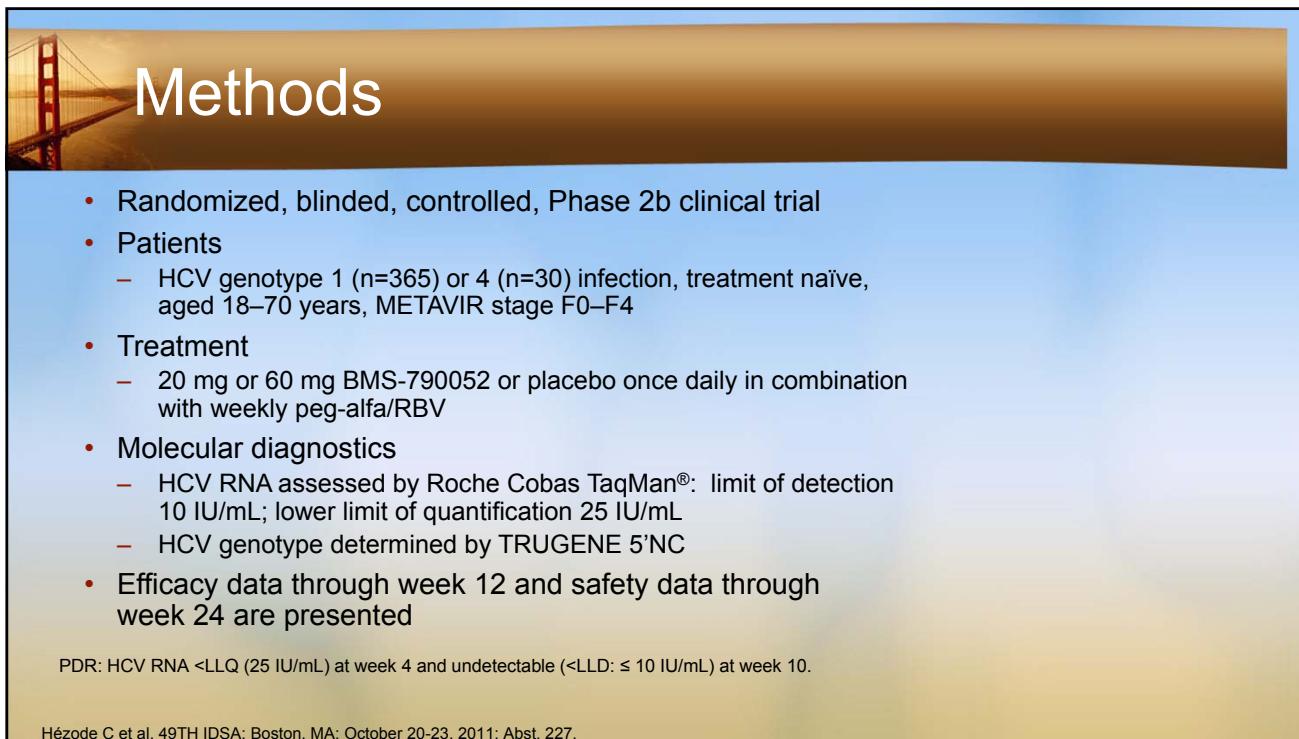
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BMS-790052, A NS5A Replication Complex Inhibitor, Combined with Peginterferon-Alfa-2a and Ribavirin in Treatment-Naïve HCV-Genotype 1 or 4 Subjects: Phase 2b AI444010 Study Interim Week 12 Results

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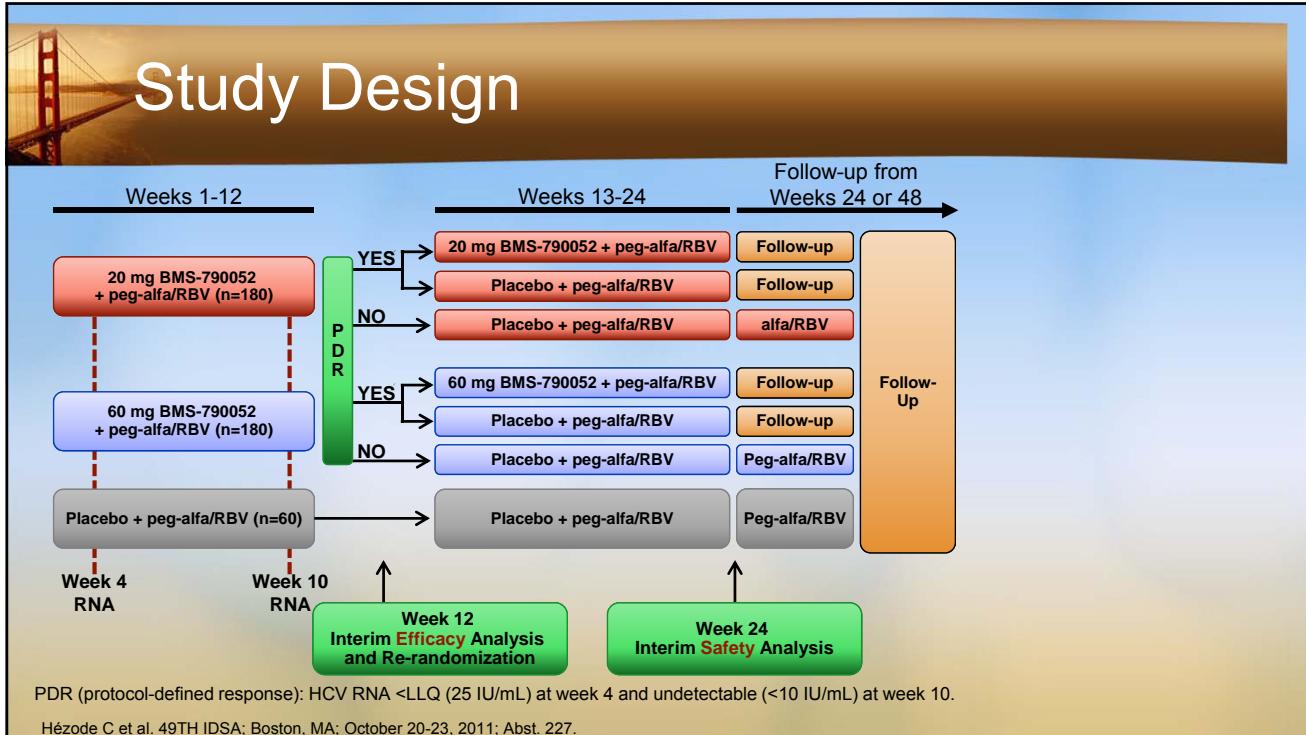


Methods

- Randomized, blinded, controlled, Phase 2b clinical trial
- Patients
 - HCV genotype 1 (n=365) or 4 (n=30) infection, treatment naïve, aged 18–70 years, METAVIR stage F0–F4
- Treatment
 - 20 mg or 60 mg BMS-790052 or placebo once daily in combination with weekly peg-alfa/RBV
- Molecular diagnostics
 - HCV RNA assessed by Roche Cobas TaqMan®: limit of detection 10 IU/mL; lower limit of quantification 25 IU/mL
 - HCV genotype determined by TRUGENE 5'NC
- Efficacy data through week 12 and safety data through week 24 are presented

PDR: HCV RNA <LLQ (25 IU/mL) at week 4 and undetectable (<LLD: ≤ 10 IU/mL) at week 10.

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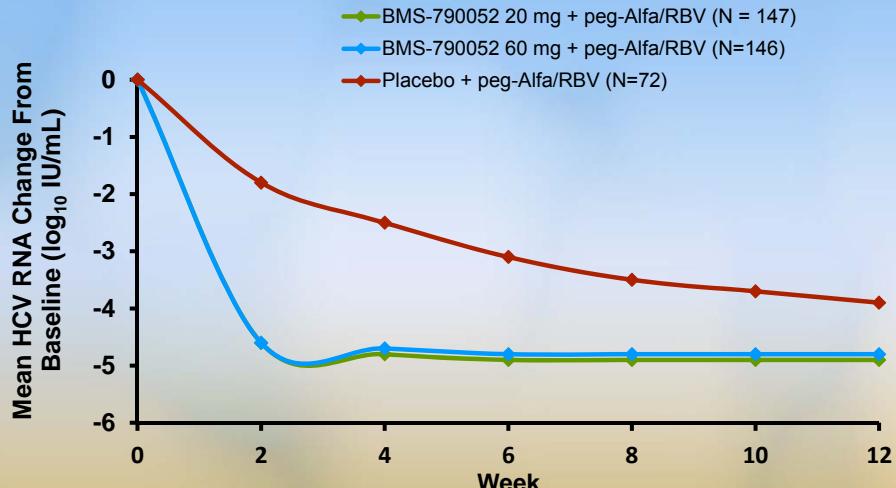


Baseline Demographic and Disease Characteristics

Characteristic, n (%)	BMS-790052 20 mg (n = 159)	BMS-790052 60 mg (n = 158)	Placebo (n = 78)
Median age, years (range)	51 (22-70)	50 (18-67)	50.5 (25-66)
Male sex	67	65	71
Race			
White	136 (86)	129 (82)	62 (79)
Black	15 (9)	21 (13)	9 (12)
Other	8 (5)	8 (5)	7 (9)
Mean baseline HCV RNA, (\log_{10} IU/mL)	6.5	6.5	6.4
HCV genotype			
1	147 (92)	145 (92)	72 (92)
1a	106 (67)	113 (72)	56 (72)
1b	41 (26)	3 (20)	16 (21)
4	10 (6)	8 (5)	5 (6)
Not reported	2 (1)	5 (3)	1 (1)
Cirrhosis			
Absent	146 (92)	149 (94)	70 (90)
Present	13 (8)	8 (5)	8 (10)
Not reported	0	1 (1)	0
IL28B genotype (rs12979860)			
CC	53 (33)	44 (28)	23 (30)
CT	82 (52)	86 (54)	38 (49)
TT	17 (11)	18 (11)	11 (14)
Not reported	7 (4)	10 (6)	6 (8)

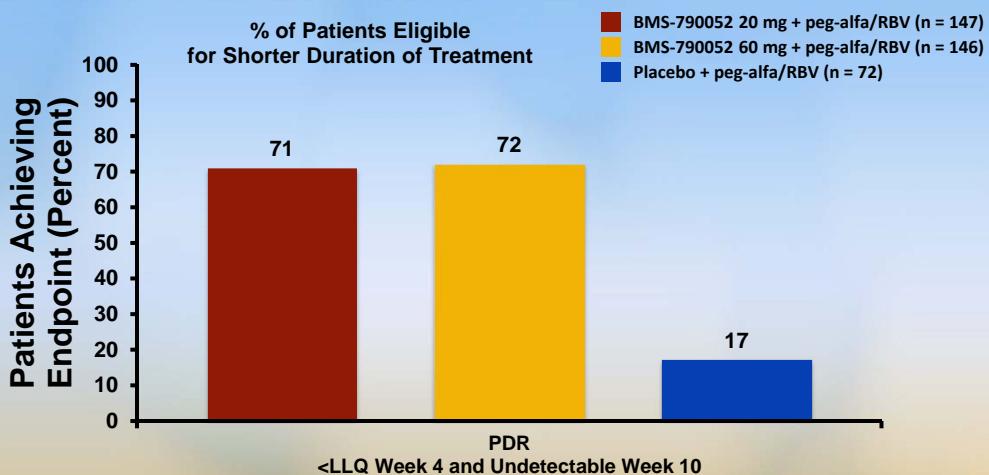
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HCV RNA Reductions Through Week 12 in Patients With Genotype 1 Infection



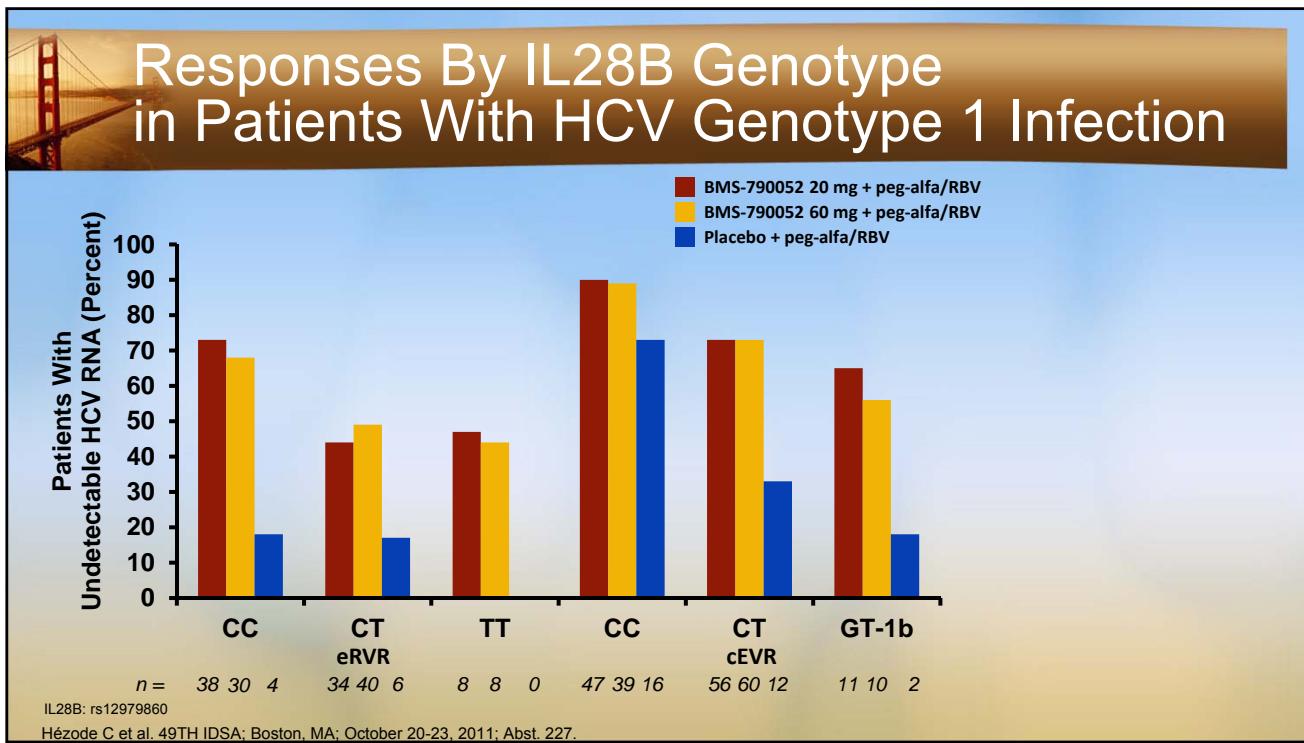
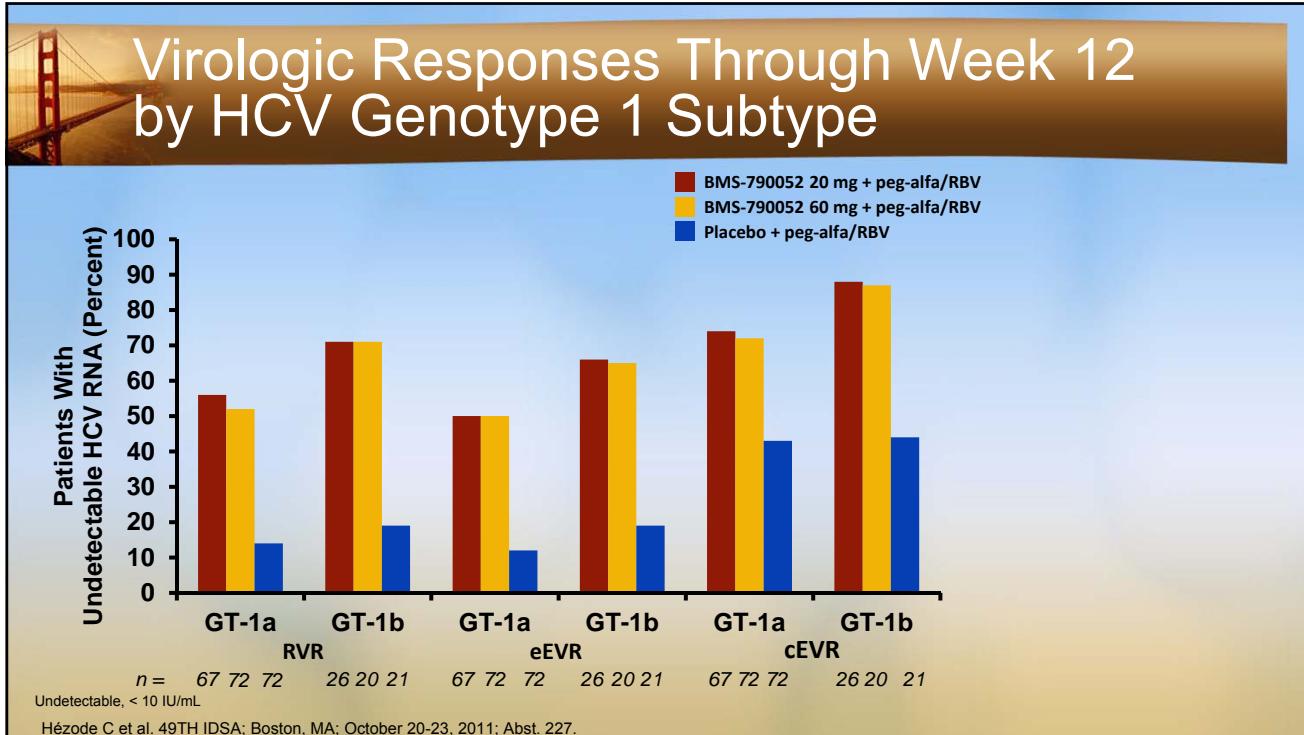
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PDR Achieved by Week 12 in Patients With Genotype 1 Infection

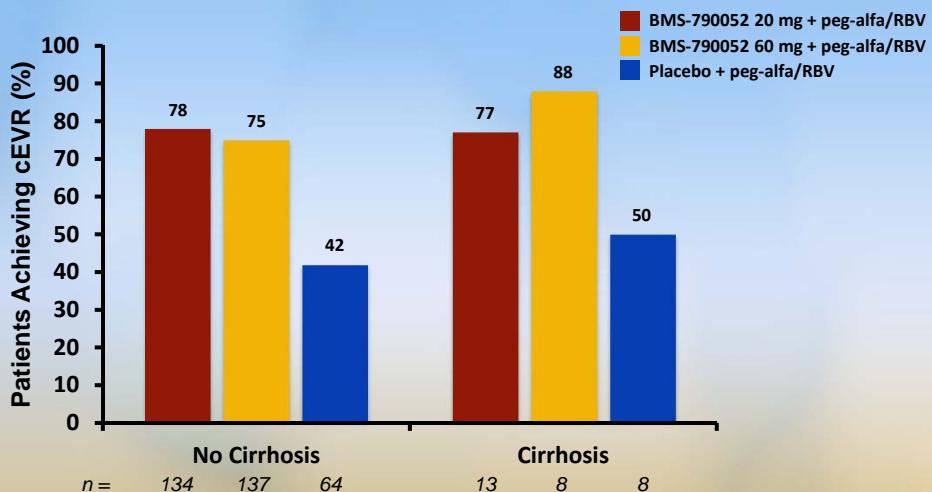


LLQ, lower limit of quantitation = 25 IU/mL
Undetectable, < 10 IU/mL

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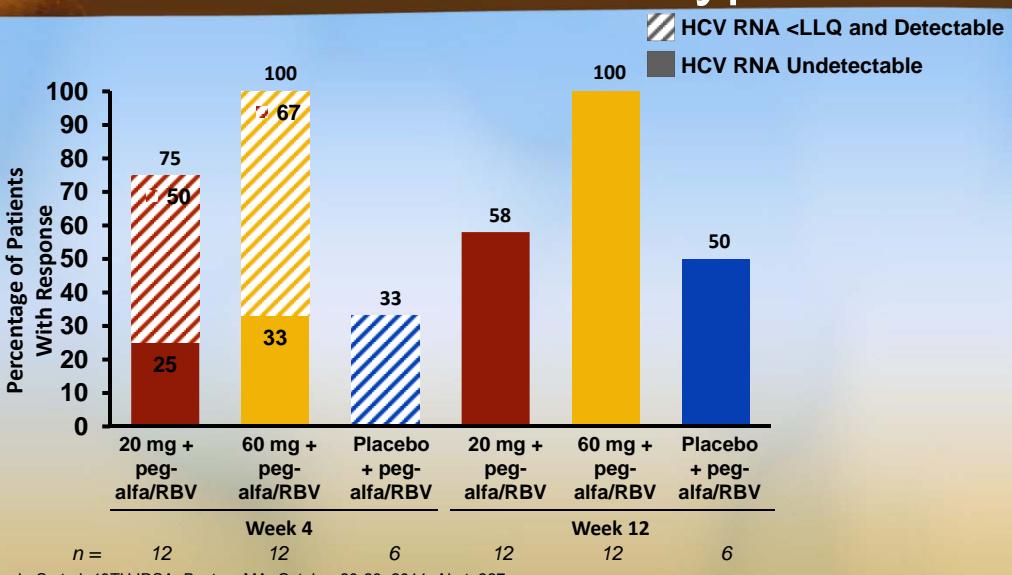
cEVR Responses by Baseline Cirrhosis Status HCV Genotype 1 Infection



cEVR, undetectable HCV RNA at week 12

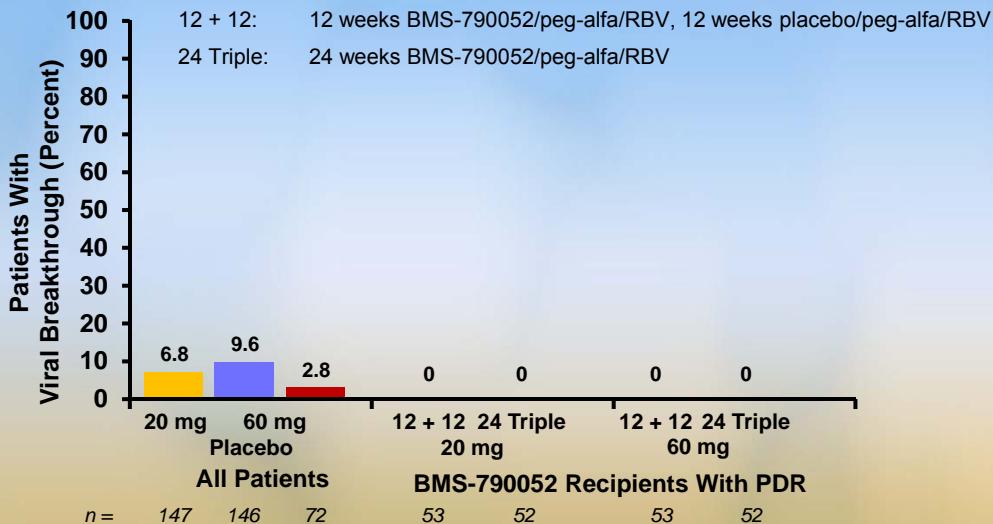
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Virologic Responses Through Week 12: HCV Genotype 4



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Viral Breakthrough Through Week 24

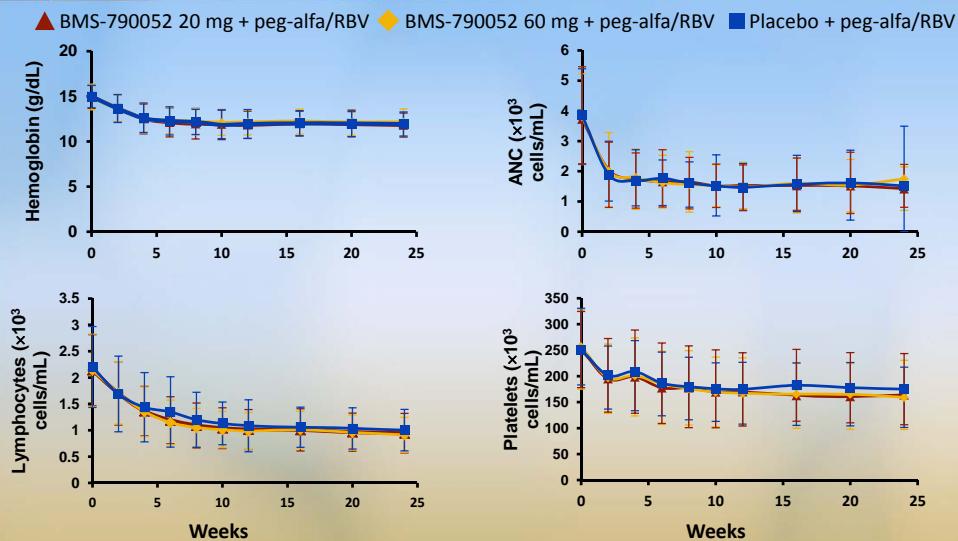


Key Safety Parameters at 24 Weeks

Event, n (%)	BMS-790052 20 mg + alfa/RBV (n = 159)	BMS-790052 60 mg + alfa/RBV (n = 158)	Placebo + alfa/RBV (n = 78)
Deaths	1 (0.6)	0	0
Serious adverse events	12 (7.5)	12 (7.6)	5 (6.4)
AEs leading to discontinuation	6 (3.8)	8 (5.1)	6 (7.7)
Grade 3/4 AEs	29 (18.2)	19 (12.0)	12 (15.4)
Peg-alfa dose reduction	28 (17.6)	20 (12.7)	10 (12.8)
RBV dose reduction	70 (44.0)	55 (34.8)	29 (37.2)
Concomitant filgrastim	2 (1.3)	5 (3.2)	0
Erythropoietin use	8 (5.0)	11 (7.0)	3 (3.8)

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Hematologic Data Through Week 24



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Conclusions

- BMS-790052 combined with peg-alfa/RBV provided higher rates of early virologic responses compared with placebo + peg-alfa/RBV
 - A high proportion of BMS-790052 recipients achieved PDR with potential to achieve SVR with shortened duration of treatment
- BMS-790052 + peg-alfa/RBV regimens were well tolerated
 - Similar adverse event profiles in BMS-790052 and placebo groups
 - Comparable safety profiles in patients treated with BMS-790052 for 12 or 24 weeks
- Data support initiation of phase 3 studies

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