

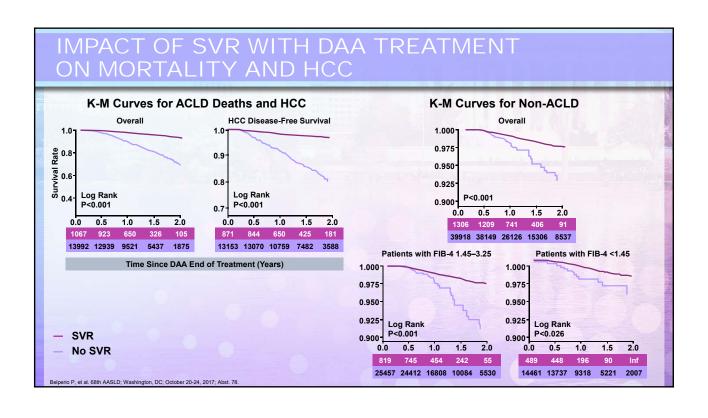
## BASELINE CHARACTERISTICS

- 15,069 patients with advanced liver disease (FIB 4 >3.25)
- 41,226 patients with less advanced disease

	AC	LD	Non-	ACLD
	No SVR (n=1062)	SVR (n=13,992)	No SVR (n=1308)	SVR (n=39,918)
Age (mean ± SD)	62.1±5.6	63.2±5.5	60.3±8.5	61.2±7.4
Male	98%	97%	97%	96%
African American	28%	31%	43%	38%
Caucasian	56%	55%	45%	52%
History of decompensation	35%	25%	_	_
Alcohol abuse diagnosis	30%	21%	27%	20%
Hard drug use	16%	11%	21%	14%
LDV/SOF	58%	60%	64%	65%
Albumin g/dL (mean±SD)	3.4±0.6	3.6±0.5	3.9±0.4	4.0±0.4
Platelets K/uL (mean±SD)	105±40	116±42	220±57	220±60
Mean follow-up (days)	542±224	595±217	458±218	499±233

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	No S	No SVR (N=871)		R (N=13,153)		
G	HCC n	HCC/100 PY (95% CI)	HCC N	HCC/100 PY (95% CI)	Reduction	
1a	74	11.0 (8.6–13.8)	214	1.6 (1.4–1.9)	85.5%	
1b	14	8.5 (4.7–14.3)	115	2.3 (1.9–2.8)	72.9%	
2	21	13.7 (8.5–21.0)	34	2.0 (1.4–2.8)	85.4%	
3	31	14.7 (10.0–20.9)	31	2.6 (1.8–3.6)	82.3%	
TOTAL	140	11.5 (9.7–13.6)	397	1.9 (1.7–2.1)	83.5%	
TOTAL	1-year HCC	1-year HCC rate (95% CI)	1-year HCC	1-year HCC rate (95% CI)	Reduction	
IOIAL	67	9.4% (7.4–11.9)	210	1.9% (1.7–2.2)	79.8%	



## DEVELOPMENT AND VALIDATION OF MODELS PREDICTING THE RISK OF HCC AFTER ANTIVIRAL TREATMENT FOR HCV Massive cohort from VA Cox proportional hazards regression, with data splitting Started Antiviral Therapy 1999–2015 N=62,354 N=21,948 35% Followed until 6/15/2017 Range of f/u = 2-18 years Mean f/u = 6.1 years Incident HCCs = 3271 A model for probability of HCC was developed (Available on-line soon)

